

36	IRTH2	Host	No	Write density select 2—On some drives, this signal, along with
38	IEDIT	Host	Yes	Edit—Not implemented on all drives. See notes in the next sec1
40	IERASE	Host	Yes	Erase-When asserted with IWRT and IGO, causes tape to be eras ϵ
42	IWFM	Host	Yes	Write filemark; When asserted with IWRT, writes a filemark.
44	IRTH1	Host	Unknown output	Write density control—See IRTH2, pin 36.
46	ITAD0	Host	Yes	Transport address bit 0 (MSB!)—Used to address multiple drives
48	IR2	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 2
50	IR3	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 3
All odd	Gnd -	Signal ground		
1 000	3.10	III		

P2 Connections

P2 Pin	Signal Name	Asserted by U	sed by F880	Description
1	IRP	Drive	Yes	Read data parity (odd) This is not a ground pin!
2	IR0	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 0 (MSB!)
3	IR1	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 1 This is not a ground pin!
4	ILDP	Drive	Yes	Load point-Asserted whenever the tape is at the load point (or
6	IR4	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 4
8	IR7	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 7 (LSB!)
10	IR6	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 6
12	IHER	Drive	Yes	Hard error—Pulsed during IDBY when a hard data error (or illeg
14	IFMK	Drive	Yes	File mark—Pulsed during IDBY when a tape mark is seen. Note th
16	IDENT	Drive	Yes	Identification—Asserted while drive is actually reading the PE
18	IFEN	Host	Yes	Formatter enable—This signal should normally be asserted all ${f 1}$
20	IR5	Drive	Yes	Read data bit 5
22	IEOT	Drive	Yes	End of tape—Asserted whenever the tape is past the EOT marker.
24	IRWU	Host	Yes	Rewind and unload—A pulse of at least 1 $\mu sec.$ initiates a rewi
26	INRZ	Drive	No	NRZI mode—Signals 800 BPI mode on some drives.
28	IRDY	Drive	Yes	Ready—Signals that tape is fully loaded, on-line and not rewir
30	IRWD	Drive	Yes	Rewinding—This is asserted by the drive while the tape is rewi
32	IFPT	Drive	Yes	File protect—This signal is asserted continuously when the tar
34	IRSTR	Drive	Yes	Read strobe—Pulses low for at least 200 nsec. when data on IR€
36	IWSTR	Drive	Yes	Write strobe—Pulses low for at least 200 nsec. when the drive
38	IDBY	Drive	Yes	Data busy—This signal is asserted during I/O phase of read or
40	ISPEED	Drive	Yes	High-speed—This signal is asserted when commands are executing
42	ICER	Drive	Yes	Corrected error—This signal is pulsed during IDBY when a sing
44	IONL	Drive	Yes	Online-Asserted when the drive is online; clears within 1 $\ensuremath{\mu sec}$
46	ITAD1	Host	Yes	Transport address bit 1 (LSB!)
48	IFAD	Host	Yes	Formatter address
50	IHISP	Host	Yes	High speed select—When asserted 1 $\mu sec.$ before and then with I
5-49 odd	d Gnd -	- Signal grou	nd.	
•	II II	п		

In total 47 signals is used by the F880. In addition two that two input signals are indicated as RESERVED. The signal INRZ is not used at all. IRTH2 is an output instead of an input and IRTH1 is not used at all.

The signals ITAD0, ITAD1 and IFAD could be grounded since usually only one drive is connected at a time. Which means that we could handle the PERTEC interface with a minimum of 44 signals.

Of these 23 signals are driven by the host and requires open collector drivers. That is four 7406 chips. The inputs can be connected directly to the STM32 inputs since these are +5V tolerant. The inputs require pull-up which is already inside the chip. If the cable length is short enough this should be ok.

Five signals in the PERTEC interface are pulsed. That is a short pulse is sent to indicate a certain condition or event. These are quite naturally the strobe signals, IWRSTR and IRSTR. But also the ICER, IHER, IFMK. The pulse length for the former two is specified in the document to at least 200 ns. From the schematics it is evident that the ciruitry in the drive will write the data read of the tape to a buffer register by a clock pulse. The writeing will take place using the rising edge of the signal. The falling edge will trigger a mono stable flip-fop which will trigger another mono stable flip-flop which is the IRSTR signal. Based on the R and C avlues used for these mono stable flip-flops I can deduce that the delay woul be approximately 900 ns and the the pulse length would be 1.5 us. Since the maximum speed of the F880 is 100 ips and the densitity is 1600 bpi it would at maximum transfer 160 kByte per second, thus one word each 6.7 us. Higer speed would use different timing one could

The use of pulses requires edge triggered interrupts in the STM32 chip. There are 16 external interrupts that could come from GPIO pins.

SCSI interface

SCSI defines an initiator which is the host and a target which is the drive. The interface defines 9 data signals, 8 plus parity, and 9 control signals. The control signals are:

- RES
- BSY
- SEL
- C/D
- MSG
- I/O
- REQ • ACK
- ATN

RES, BSY and SEL can be driven by both initiator and target. ATN and ACK is always driven by initiator and C/D, MSG, I/O and REQ is always driven by the target.

To be able to both drive and receive a signals requires one input and one output. Thus we need 12 I/O signals for the SCSI control signals.

Normally the data bus is either in or out so it would be easy to assume that just nine signals plus a direction signal is required for the data bus. But in the arbitration phase SCSI devices would drive one single data line and watch the others. Thus we need one input and one output per data bus signal. I.e 18 I/O signals. But since we could use a jumper to select the device own address in the arbitration phase a single pair of receiver and transmitter is reuired except for the already mentioned 10 signals. Thus the total ould be 12 I/O signals for the data bus. On the other hand this means that three-state drivers are required on the data inputs.

In escence ther are two options either higher pin requirements on the STM32 or more complex driver logics.

Option 1 would use 30 I/O signals and three 7406 chips for driving. The inputs go directly to the STM32 inputs since these are +5V tolerant.

Option 2 would use 24 I/O signals require two 74LS38 chips and also a 74LS244 for the data bus and one pair of signals for the parity bit and the bus direction bit. Then two 7416 chips for the control signals that the is transmitted by the device. Adding up to 25 signals.

In total SCSI would require either 25 or 30 I/O port signals from the STM32 chip depending on option chosen.

STM32 CORE207 BOARD MAPPING

LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	IN OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	AC FL
1	PE2	J1:8 IGO		I/O	FT		TRACECLK, FSMC_A23, ETH_MII_TXD3, EVENTOUT	
2	PE3	J1:4 ILWD		I/O	FT		TRACEDO,FSMC_A19, EVENTOUT	
3	PE4	J1:20 IREW		I/O	FT		TRACED1,FSMC_A20, DCMI_D4, EVENTOUT	
4	PE5	J1:18 IREV		I/O	FT		TRACED2, FSMC_A21, TIM9_CH1, DCMI_D6, EVENTOUT	
5	PE6	J1:22 IWP		I/O	FT		TRACED3, FSMC_A22, TIM9_CH2, DCMI_D7, EVENTOUT	
6	VBAT			S				
7	PC13	J1:34 IWRT		I/O	FT	2,3	EVENTOUT	RT
8	PC14/OSC32_IN (PC14)		32768 Hz XTAL	I/O	FT	2,3	EVENTOUT	30
9	PC15-OSC32_OUT (PC15)		32768 Hz XTAL	I/O	FT	2.3	EVENTOUT	OS (4)
10	VSS			S				
11	VDD			S				

LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	IN OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	AC Fl
12	PH0/OSC_IN (PH0)		XTAL	I/O	FT		EVENTOUT	OS
13	PH1/OSC_OUT (PH1)		XTAL	I/O	FT		EVENTOUT	90
14	NRST		RESET BUTTON/ JTAG CON	I/O				
15	PC0	J1:40 IERASE		I/O	FT	4	OTG_HS_ULPI_STP, EVENTOUT	AC
16	PC1	J1:38 IEDIT		I/O	FT	4	ETH_MDC, EVENTOUT	AC IN
17	PC2	J2:18 IFEN		I/O	FT	4	SPI2_MISO, OTG_HS_ULPI_DIR, ETH_MII_TXD2, EVENTOUT	AE IN
18	PC3	J2:24 IRWU		I/O	FT	4	SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, OTG_HS_ULPI_NXT, ETH_MII_TX_CLK, EVENTOUT	AC
19	VDD		JUMPER COMP.J1 (3.3V)	S				
20	VSSA			S				
21	VREF+			S				
22	VDDA			S				
23	PA0-WKUP (PA0)	J2:8 IR7		I/O	FT	4,5	USART2_CTS, UART4_TX, ETH_MII_CRS, TIM2_CH1_ETR, TIM5_CH1, TIM8_ETR, EVENTOUT	AE Wł
24	PA1	J2:10 IR6		I/O	FT	4	USART2_RTS, UART4_RX, ETH_RMII_REF_CLK, ETH_MII_RX_CLK, TIM5_CH2, TIM2_CH2, EVENTOUT	ΑС
25	PA2	J2:20 IR5		I/O	FT	4	USART2_TX,TIM5_CH3, TIM9_CH1, TIM2_CH3, ETH_MDIO, EVENTOUT	ΑС
26	PA3	J2:6 IR4	JUMPER USB.P1	I/O	FT	4	USART2_RX, TIM5_CH4, TIM9_CH2, TIM2_CH4, OTG_HS_ULPI_D0, ETH_MII_COL, EVENTOUT	ΑС
27	VSS			S				
28	VDD			S				
29	PA4	J1:50 IR3		I/O	TTa	4	SPI1_NSS, SPI3_NSS, USART2_CK, DCMI_HSYNC, OTG_HS_SOF, I2S3_WS, EVENTOUT	AC DA
30	PA5	J1:48 IR2	JUMPER USB.P2	I/O	TTa	4	SPI1_SCK, OTG_HS_ULPI_CK,	AC DA

LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	IN OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	AC Fl
							TIM2_CH1_ETR, TIM8_CH1N, EVENTOUT	
31	PA6	J2:3 IR1		I/O	FT	4	SPI1_MISO, TIM8_BKIN, TIM13_CH1, DCMI_PIXCLK, TIM3_CH1, TIM1_BKIN, EVENTOUT	ΑС
32	PA7	J2:2 IR0		I/O	FT	4	SPI1_MOSI, TIM8_CH1N, TIM14_CH1, TIM3_CH2, ETH_MII_RX_DV, TIM1_CH1N, ETH_RMII_CRS_DV, EVENTOUT	ΑC
33	PC4	J2:50 IHISP		I/O	FT	4	ETH_RMII_RXD0, ETH_MII_RXD0, EVENTOUT	AC
34	PC5	J1:42 IWFM		I/O	FT	4	ETH_RMII_RXD1, ETH_MII_RXD1, EVENTOUT	AC
35	PB0	J2:1 IRP		I/O	FT	4	TIM3_CH3, TIM8_CH2N, OTG_HS_ULPI_D1, ETH_MII_RXD2, TIM1_CH2N, EVENTOUT	ΑC
36	PB1	J2:4 ILDP		I/O	FT	4	TIM3_CH4, TIM8_CH3N, OTG_HS_ULPI_D2, ETH_MII_RXD3, TIM1_CH3N, EVENTOUT	ΑС
37	PB2/BOOT1 (PB2)	J2:12 IHER	JUMPER COMP.J4	I/O	FT		EVENTOUT	
38	PE7	J2:14 IFMK		I/O	FT		FSMC_D4,TIM1_ETR, EVENTOUT	
39	PE8	J1:24 IW7		I/O	FT		FSMC_D5,TIM1_CH1N, EVENTOUT	
40	PE9	J1:28 IW6		I/O	FT		FSMC_D6,TIM1_CH1, EVENTOUT	
41	PE10	J1:32 IW5		I/O	FT		FSMC_D7,TIM1_CH2N, EVENTOUT	
42	PE11	J1:6 IW4		I/O	FT		FSMC_D8,TIM1_CH2, EVENTOUT	
43	PE12	J1:26 IW3		I/O	FT		FSMC_D9,TIM1_CH3N, EVENTOUT	
44	PE13	J1:30 IW2		I/O	FT		FSMC_D10,TIM1_CH3, EVENTOUT	
45	PE14	J1:12 IW1		I/O	FT		FSMC_D11,TIM1_CH4, EVENTOUT	
46	PE15	J1:10 IW0		I/O	FT		FSMC_D12,TIM1_BKIN, EVENTOUT	
47	PB10	J2:16 IDENT		I/O	FT		SPI2_SCK, I2S2_SCK, I2C2_SCL,USART3_TX,OT G_HS_ULPI_D3,ETH_MII_R X_ER,TIM2_CH3, EVENTOUT	

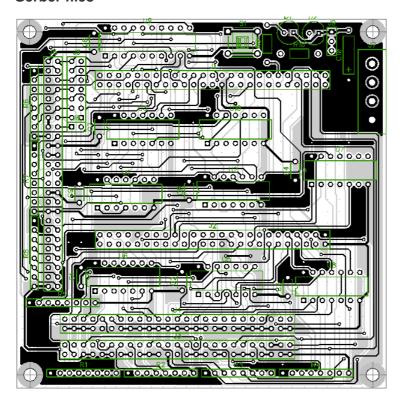
LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	IN OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	AC FL
48	PB11	J2:22 IEOT		I/O	FT		I2C2_SDA, USART3_RX, OTG_HS_ULPI_D4, ETH_RMII_TX_EN, ETH_MII_TX_EN, TIM2_CH4, EVENTOUT	
49	VCAP_1		JUMPER COMP.J2 (2,2 uF)	S				
50	VDD			S				
51	PB12	J2:26 INRZ		I/O	FT		SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS, I2C2_SMBA, USART3_CK, TIM1_BKIN, CAN2_RX, OTG_HS_ULPI_D5, ETH_RMII_TXD0, ETH_MII_TXD0, OTG_HS_ID, EVENTOUT	
52	PB13	J2:28 IRDY		I/O	FT		SPI2_SCK, I2S2_SCK, USART3_CTS, TIM1_CH1N, CAN2_TX, OTG_HS_ULPI_D6, ETH_RMII_TXD1, ETH_MII_TXD1, EVENTOUT	OT VB
53	PB14	J2:30 IRWD		I/O	FT		SPI2_MISO, TIM1_CH2N, TIM12_CH1, OTG_HS_DM USART3_RTS, TIM8_CH2N, EVENTOUT	
54	PB15	J2:32 IFPT		I/O	FT		SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, TIM1_CH3N, TIM8_CH3N, TIM12_CH2, OTG_HS_DP, RTC_50Hz, EVENTOUT	
55	PD8	RS232 TX		I/O	FT		FSMC_D13, USART3_TX, EVENTOUT	
56	PD9	RS232 RX		I/O	FT		FSMC_D14, USART3_RX, EVENTOUT	
57	PD10	J2:38 IDBY		I/O	FT		FSMC_D15, USART3_CK, EVENTOUT	
58	PD11	J2:40 ISPEED		I/O	FT		FSMC_A16,USART3_CTS, EVENTOUT	
59	PD12	J2:42 ICER		I/O	FT		FSMC_A17,TIM4_CH1, USART3_RTS, EVENTOUT	
60	PD13	J2:44 IONL		I/O	FT		FSMC_A18,TIM4_CH2, EVENTOUT	
61	PD14	LED		I/O	FT		FSMC_D0,TIM4_CH3, EVENTOUT	
62	PD15	LED		I/O	FT		FSMC_D1,TIM4_CH4, EVENTOUT	
63	PC6	J2:34 IRSTR		I/O	FT		I2S2_MCK, TIM8_CH1, SDIO_D6, USART6_TX, DCMI_D0, TIM3_CH1, EVENTOUT	
64	PC7			I/O	FT			

LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	IN OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	AC FL
		J2:36 IWSTR					I2S3_MCK, TIM8_CH2, SDIO_D7, USART6_RX, DCMI_D1, TIM3_CH2, EVENTOUT	
65	PC8	BUTTON		I/O	FT		TIM8_CH3,SDIO_D0, TIM3_CH3, USART6_CK, DCMI_D2, EVENTOUT	
66	PC9			I/O	FT		I2S2_CKIN, I2S3_CKIN, MCO2, TIM8_CH4, SDIO_D1, I2C3_SDA, DCMI_D3, TIM3_CH4, EVENTOUT	
67	PA8	SCSI-DATA - DIRECTION		I/O	FT		MCO1, USART1_CK, TIM1_CH1, I2C3_SCL, OTG_FS_SOF, EVENTOUT	
68	PA9	SCSI- SELECT- PHASE- OUT	JUMPER USB.P3	I/O	FT		USART1_TX, TIM1_CH2, I2C3_SMBA, DCMI_D0, EVENTOUT	O ⁻
69	PA10	SCSI- SELECT- PHASE-IN	USB CON	I/O	FT		USART1_RX, TIM1_CH3, OTG_FS_ID,DCMI_D1, EVENTOUT	
70	PA11	SCSI- PARITY- OUT	USB CON	I/O	FT		USART1_CTS, CAN1_RX, TIM1_CH4,OTG_FS_DM, EVENTOUT	
71	PA12	SCSI-REQ- OUT	USB CON	I/O	FT		USART1_RTS, CAN1_TX, TIM1_ETR, OTG_FS_DP, EVENTOUT	
72	PA13 (JTMS- SWDIO)		JTAG CON	I/O	FT		JTMS-SWDIO, EVENTOUT	
73	VCAP_2			S				
74	VSS			S				
75	VDD			S				
76	PA14 (JTCK- SWCLK)		JTAG CON	I/O	FT		JTCK-SWCLK, EVENTOUT	
77	PA15 (JTDI)	SCSI-IO- OUT	JTAG CON	I/O	FT		JTDI, SPI3_NSS, I2S3_WS,TIM2_CH1_ETR, SPI1_NSS, EVENTOUT	
78	PC10	SCSI-MSG- OUT		I/O	FT		SPI3_SCK, I2S3_SCK, UART4_TX, SDIO_D2, DCMI_D8, USART3_TX, EVENTOUT	
79	PC11	SCSI-CD- OUT		I/O	FT		UART4_RX, SPI3_MISO, SDIO_D3, DCMI_D4,USART3_RX, EVENTOUT	
80	PC12	SCSI-BSY- OUT		I/O	FT		UART5_TX, SDIO_CK, DCMI_D9, SPI3_MOSI, I2S3_SD, USART3_CK, EVENTOUT	
81	PD0	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT			

LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	A F
							FSMC_D2,CAN1_RX, EVENTOUT	
82	PD1	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		FSMC_D3, CAN1_TX, EVENTOUT	
83	PD2	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		TIM3_ETR,UART5_RX, SDIO_CMD, DCMI_D11, EVENTOUT	
84	PD3	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		FSMC_CLK,USART2_CTS, EVENTOUT	
85	PD4	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		FSMC_NOE, USART2_RTS, EVENTOUT	
86	PD5	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		FSMC_NWE,USART2_TX, EVENTOUT	
87	PD6	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		FSMC_NWAIT, USART2_RX, EVENTOUT	
88	PD7	SCSI-DATA		I/O	FT		USART2_CK,FSMC_NE1, FSMC_NCE2, EVENTOUT	
89	PB3 (JTDO/TRACESWO)		JTAG CON	I/O	FT		JTDO/TRACESWO, SPI3_SCK, I2S3_SCK, TIM2_CH2, SPI1_SCK, EVENTOUT	
90	PB4	SCSI- PARITY-IN		I/O	FT		NJTRST, SPI3_MISO, TIM3_CH1, SPI1_MISO, EVENTOUT	
91	PB5	SCSI-ATN- IN		I/O	FT		I2C1_SMBA, CAN2_RX, OTG_HS_ULPI_D7, ETH_PPS_OUT, TIM3_CH2, SPI1_MOSI, SPI3_MOSI, DCMI_D10, I2S3_SD, EVENTOUT	
92	PB6	SCSI-ACK- IN		I/O	FT		I2C1_SCL,, TIM4_CH1, CAN2_TX, DCMI_D5,USART1_TX, EVENTOUT	
93	РВ7	SCSI-RES-IN		I/O	FT		I2C1_SDA, FSMC_NL(6), DCMI_VSYNC, USART1_RX, TIM4_CH2, EVENTOUT	
94	воото		BOOT0 SWITCH	I	В			V
95	PB8	SCSI-RES- OUT		I/O	FT		TIM4_CH3,SDIO_D4, TIM10_CH1, DCMI_D6, ETH_MII_TXD3, I2C1_SCL, CAN1_RX, EVENTOUT	
96	PB9	SCSI-SEL- IN		I/O	FT		SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS, TIM4_CH4, TIM11_CH1, SDIO_D5, DCMI_D7, I2C1_SDA, CAN1_TX, EVENTOUT	
97	PE0	SCSI-SEL-		I/O	FT		TIM4_ETR, FSMC_NBL0, DCMI_D2, EVENTOUT	

LQFP100 PIN	BASE FUNCTION	FUNCTION PERTEC- SCSI	CORE207V BOARD	IN OR OUT	FIVE VOLT?	NOTES	ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS	AC Fl
98	PE1	SCSI-BSY- IN		I/O	FT		FSMC_NBL1, DCMI_D3, EVENTOUT	
99	RFU		JUMPER COMP.J3 (NC)			7		
100	VDD			S				

Gerber files



I have done a simple layout for this project and all the gerber files are in the repository.

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